



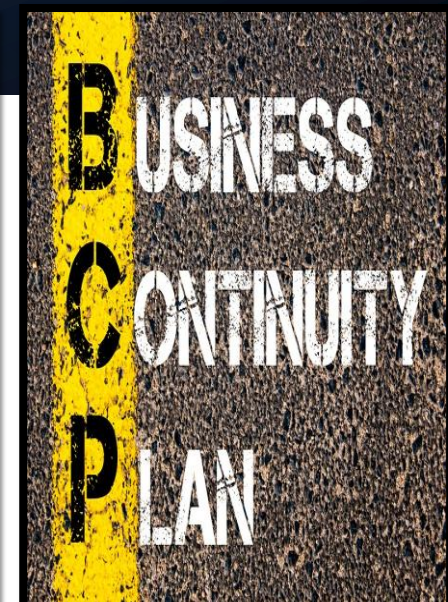
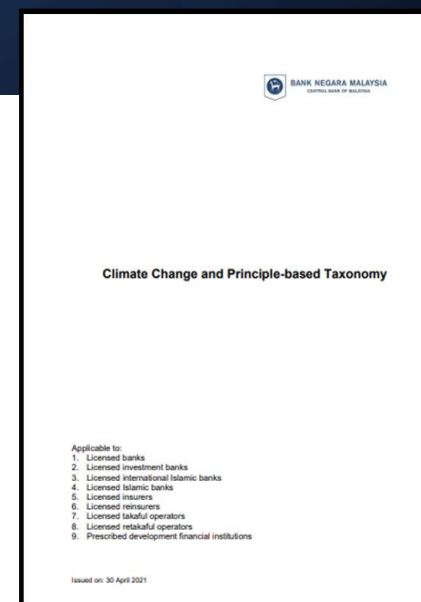
Yasotha K.R Gopal

[linkedin.com/in/yasothagopal/](https://www.linkedin.com/in/yasothagopal/)

Part 3 : CCPT and Business Continuity: Planning for a Climate-Stressed Future



*A banker's guide to building resilience
into business continuity planning*



Why CCPT Belongs in BCP??



CCPT classifies activities as:

1. **GP1 / GP2 (Green)**: Aligned with climate transition
2. **Amber**: Transitioning
3. **Red**: Misaligned with climate goals

Each classification reflects not just ESG status — but **potential vulnerability or resilience** to climate shocks.

For BCM, this means:

- Prioritizing **Green** and **Amber** borrowers or suppliers in recovery planning
- Assessing physical and transition risks during Business Impact Analysis (BIA)
- Building climate scenarios into continuity testing

HOW?? Read on...



Practical Applications of CCPT in BCM

1. Update Business Impact Analysis (BIA) with Climate Stressors

Example: Electronics Manufacturer (Amber)

- ❑ **Facility Location:** Klang Valley, flood-prone area
- ❑ **CCPT Status:** **Amber** – in transition, but not yet climate-resilient
- ❑ **BCP Actions:**
 - Include flood risks and supply chain outages in the BIA
 - Define alternative suppliers and secondary production sites
 - Classify this operation as **priority recovery** based on value and vulnerability



Outcome: Resilience planning reflects real-world environmental risk — not just financial value.

2. Use CCPT to Prioritise Critical Suppliers & Borrowers

Example: Furniture Exporter (Red)

- Issue: No climate transition plan; raw materials from uncertified forests; outdated logistics
- BCP Impact: Disruption risk is high, reputation risk higher
- BCP Decision:
 - Flag as **non-priority** supplier
 - Explore transition partner support — but with limited reliance during crises



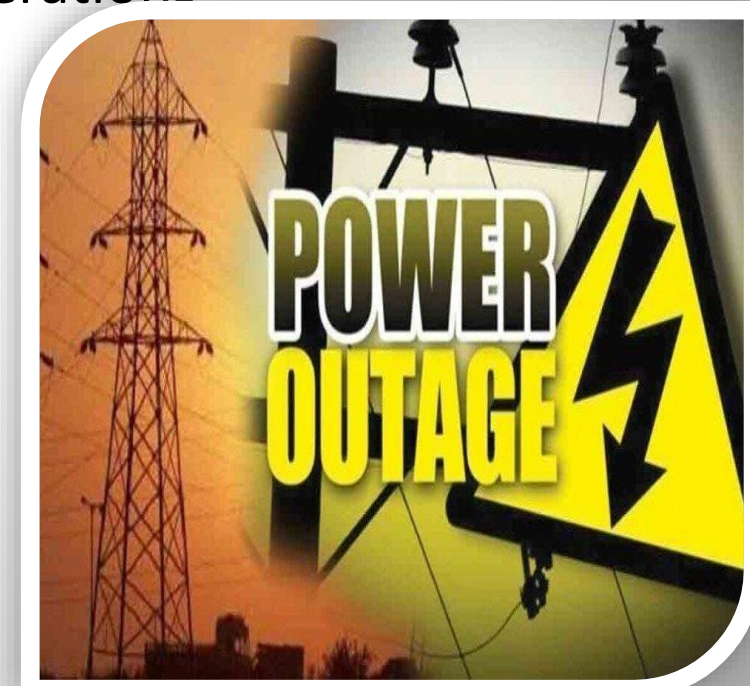
Outcome: Business continuity planning starts to influence sourcing and client segmentation.

3. Integrate Energy Risk into Recovery Strategy

Example: Food Manufacturer (**Amber**)

- ❑ **Energy Use:** High refrigeration load, fully grid-reliant
- ❑ **Risk:** Susceptible to brownouts, energy rationing during heatwaves
- ❑ **BCP Actions:**
 - Assess impact of 12–24 hour outages on food safety and operations
 - Include diesel or solar backup options in BCP review
 - Reclassify as **Amber-critical** during energy stress events

Outcome: Recovery planning becomes energy-aware
— a key transition risk.



4. Build Climate Scenarios into BCP Testing

Example: Automotive Parts Supplier (GP2)

- **Sustainability Profile:** Green supplier; ESG-certified; solar-powered
- **BCP Actions:**
 - Run table-top exercises simulating logistics delays due to regional haze or flood
 - Test upstream supply chain stress (Tier 2 supplier in high-risk zone)
 - Assign CCPT banding to vendor continuity scorecard

Outcome: Climate risks are not just known
— they are rehearsed and mitigated.



CCPT-Informed BCP Questions to Ask:



BCP Element	Climate-Aligned Questions
BIA	Which operations are most vulnerable to floods, droughts, or regulations?
Supplier Continuity	Are our Tier 1 and Tier 2 suppliers GP1, Amber, or Red?
Energy Dependency	What happens if the grid goes down for 48 hours?
Testing & Scenarios	Have we run exercises for climate-related business disruptions?
Crisis Communications	Do we know how to report climate-linked incidents to regulators and clients?

Part 3 : CCPT and Business Continuity



Key Takeaways for BCM and Risk Professionals:

- BCM isn't just disaster recovery — it's a frontline defense against climate instability.
- CCPT can help prioritise which suppliers, clients, and processes are most vital in a climate crisis.
- Use CCPT banding to identify weak links in operational resilience — and make them **part of recovery strategy**.
- Partner with credit and ESG teams to embed climate data into BCM decisions.