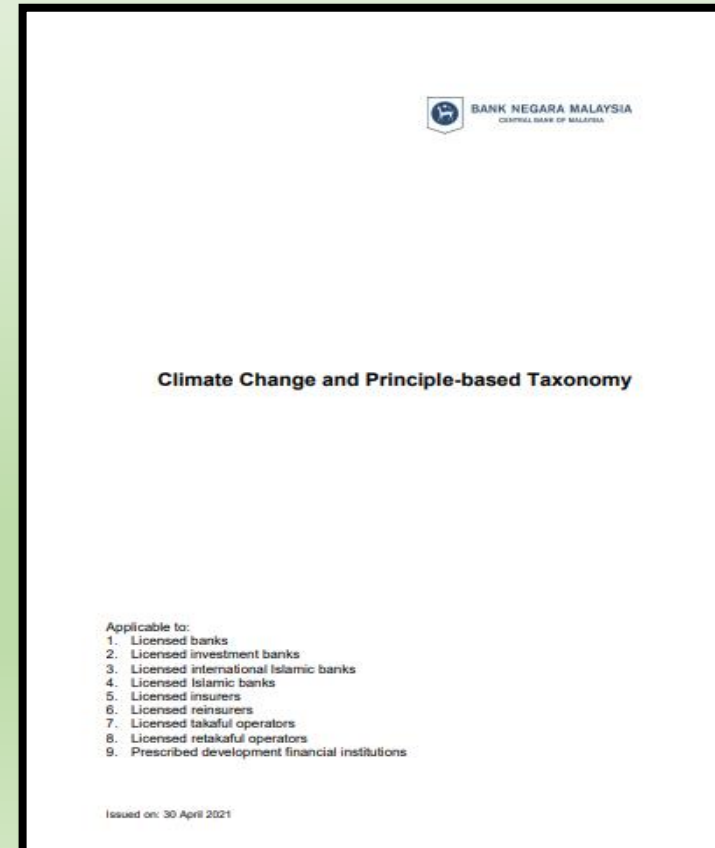


Part 2 - Operational Risk Meets CCPT :

Embedding Climate Taxonomy into Risk and Controls

A guide for risk managers and bankers who want to make climate frameworks real



Why CCPT Matters to Operational Risk ?

Each CCPT classification — Green, Amber, or Red reflects underlying :

 Governance,
 Process,
 Controls } These are the heart of Operational Risk

CCPT reveals:

- i. **Poor ESG governance** → higher conduct risk
- ii. **Weak data quality** → unreliable reporting
- iii. **Inefficient processes** → transition failure risk
- iv. **Lack of oversight** → compliance gaps



1. Embed CCPT into RCSA (Risk & Control Self-Assessment)

Example: Food Manufacturer (**Amber**)

- **Situation**: No climate-related procurement policy; relies on non-energy efficient logistics
- **CCPT Status**: **Amber** — early transition
- **Operational Risk Actions**:
 1. **Add risks**: “carbon-linked supply chain exposure,” “ESG vendor non-compliance”
 2. **Controls**: Mandatory green sourcing checks; supplier audits
 3. **Owner**: Procurement & Compliance jointly accountable



✓ **Outcome**

Transition risks are now formally assessed and managed in RCSA.



2. Revise Operational Loss Categories to Capture Climate-Linked Incidents (LER)

Example: General Goods Trader (Red)

- Situation: Goods seized by authorities due to non-compliance with plastic import regulations
- CCPT Status: Red — no climate alignment
- Operational Loss Update:
 1. Add category: “Environmental Compliance Failures”
 2. Track losses linked to ESG regulation breaches
 3. Train trade teams to screen HS codes with environmental risk

✓ Outcome:

Climate-linked losses are measured, not hidden under generic “external” events.



3. Use CCPT to Drive Climate-Aligned KRIs (Key Risk Indicators)

Example: Furniture Exporter (**Amber**)

➤ New KRIs:

- % of suppliers with certified sustainable sourcing (e.g., FSC, PEFC)
- ESG non-compliance cases per quarter
- % of procurement spend with Green/Amber vendors

✓ Outcome:

Climate metrics become part of operational risk reporting
— not just sustainability reports.

**Key Risk
Indicators
(KRIs)**



4. Apply CCPT in Operational Risk Controls and Scenario Planning

Example: **Automotive Parts Manufacturer (GP2)**

➤ **Activity:** Produces EV components; ISO 14001 certified; solar-powered operations

➤ **Risk Issues Identified:**

- Supplier concentration risk for raw materials
- Exposure to EU regulations on carbon-intensive exports
- New customer audits requiring ESG disclosures



5. Integrate CCPT into Risk Appetite Statements (RAS)

Example: Palm Oil Refinery (Red)

- **Current Tolerance:** Allows high-emission sectors with conditions
- **Updated RAS:**
 - Limit “Red” exposure to <5% of overall portfolio
 - Mandate transition action plans for continuation
 - Flag such exposures in Board-level risk dashboards

✓ Outcome:

The bank’s environmental risk tolerance is now visible and enforced.



Summary Table: CCPT Tools for Operational Risk Teams

Operational Risk Tool	CCPT Integration Example
RCSA	ESG-related risk scenarios, control assessments
Loss Event Reporting	New category: climate/regulatory non-compliance
Risk Appetite	Limits by CCPT band; Red flagged for action plans
KRIs	ESG certification rates, climate incident reports
Scenario Analysis	Emerging risk simulations (e.g., regulation, supply chain)

✓ **Outcome:**

Risk teams are now proactively managing climate-linked operational disruptions

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Key Takeaways

- CCPT reveals **systemic non-financial risks** that operational risk teams must manage.
- “**Red**” borrowers often lack control maturity and process integrity — increasing reputational and compliance risks.
- “**Amber**” borrowers offer opportunity to co-create improved controls and risk indicators.
- Embedding CCPT into the operational risk framework improves decision-making and risk governance.